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<u>REMARKS</u>

In response to the Office Action mailed on August 3, 2005, Applicants respectfully request reconsideration. Claims 1- 20 are pending in this Application. Claims 1, 7, 12, and 18 are independent claims and the remaining claims are dependent claims. Applicants believe that the claims as presented are in condition for allowance. A notice to this affect is respectfully requested.

Rejections under §102

Claims 1-4 and 12-15 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,737,330 to Fulthorp et al. (hereinafter Fulthorp). Fulthorp teaches a system and method for the efficient control of a radio communications network. The Examiner stated that Fulthrop teaches the use of a temporal offset for a temporal period at column 2, lines 26-46. Applicants respectfully disagree with the Examiner's assertion. A careful review of Fulthorp at column 2, lines 26-46 discloses each of a plurality of remote radio units that transmit a poll request to a base station. The base station then transmit a poll signal which includes a poll response sequence which indicates a time frame in which a radio unit may respond to the poll signal. Thus, Fulthorp arguably discloses receiving a polling request that specifies a first temporal period for a plurality of expected future transmissions. Fulthorp does not disclose or suggest estimating a first temporal offset for said first temporal period.

In contrast to Fulthorp, claim 1 recites estimating a first temporal offset for the first temporal period based on at least one of when said response was received, and when at least one of said plurality of polls was transmitted. As stated in the specification as filed at paragraph 9, the temporal offset for the temporal period is used to establish an advantageous polling schedule (rather than using just the temporal period) that reduces the delay between when a station queues a frame and when a station transmits a frame. Accordingly, since Fulthorp fails to disclose or suggest the use of a temporal offset with the temporal period claim 1 is believed allowable over Fulthorp. Claim 12 recites similar -8-

language as claim 1 and is believed allowable for the same reasons as claim 1. Claims 2-4 and 13-15 depend from claims 1 or 12 and are believed allowable as they depend from a base claim that is believed allowable.

Further, claim 2 recites establishing a polling schedule based on said first temporal period and said first temporal offset. Since Fulthorp fails to disclose or suggest a temporal offset, Fulthrop also fails to disclose or suggest using the temporal offset to provide a polling schedule based on the temporal period and temporal offset. Claim 3 recites in part a second temporal period and a second temporal offset and further recites establishing a transmission schedule based on the second temporal offset and the second temporal period. Again, Fulthrop fails to disclose or suggest a second temporal offset and establishing a transmission schedule based on the second temporal offset. Claims 13 and 14 recite similar language as claim 2 and 3 and are further believed allowable for the same reasons.

Accordingly, for the reasons presented above, the rejection of claims 1-4 and 12-15 under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as being anticipated by Fulthorp is believed to have been overcome.

Rejections under §103

Claims 6 and 17 were rejected under 35 U.S.C.§103(a) as being unpatentable over Fulthorp in view of U.S. Patent No. 4,750,171 to Kedar et al. (hereinafter Kedar). Claims 6 and 17 depend from claims 1 or 12 and are believed allowable as they depend from a base claim that is believed allowable. Accordingly, the rejection of claims 6 and 17 under 35 U.S.C.§103(a) as being unpatentable over Fulthorp in view of Kedar is believed to have been overcome.

Claims 5 and 16 were rejected under 35 U.S.C.§103(a) as being unpatentable over Fulthorp in view of U.S. Patent No. 4,104,512 to Strayer (hereinafter Strayer). Claims 5 and 16 depend from claims 1 or 12 and are believed allowable as they depend from a base claim that is believed allowable. Further, claim 5 recites combining a polling schedule and a transmission schedule into a composite schedule. The composite schedule is used to avoid -9-

collisions between the polling schedule and the transmission schedule if they were used separately. The Examiner stated that Strayer discloses the same at column 2, lines 57-66 and column 3, lines 15-25. Strayer discloses a polling scheduler and a message transmit scheduler which arguably comprise a polling schedule and a transmission schedule, but fails to disclose or suggest a composite schedule resulting from a combination of a polling schedule and a transmission schedule. If the Examiner is to maintain this rejection, the Examiner is requested to explicitly point out where in Strayer the composite schedule is described, and further where Strayer discloses that the composite schedule comprises a combination of the polling schedule and the transmission schedule. Accordingly, the rejection of claims 5 and 16 under 35 U.S.C.§103(a) as being unpatentable over Fulthorp in view of Strayer is believed to have been overcome.

The Examiner rejected claims 7-11 and 18-20 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Fulthorp in view of Strayer and in view of U.S. Patent Publication No. 2002/0024929 to Breucker et al. (hereinafter Breuckner). Neither Fulthorp, Strayer nor Breucker, taken alone or in combination, disclose or suggest estimating a first temporal offset for the first temporal period based on at least one of when a response was received, and when at least one of a plurality of polls was transmitted. Fulthorp and Strayer have been discussed above. Brueckner teaches slot-time measurements between two poll messages with acknowledgements or between a poll message with acknowledgement and a token message. Brueckner fails to disclose or suggest estimating a temporal period and temporal offset based on a second response to a poll or when a second poll was transmitted.

Claims 7 and 18 recite estimating a first temporal offset for the first temporal period based on at least one of when a second response was received, and when a second poll was transmitted. A description of why this is advantageous is shown in paragraph 53 wherein this takes into account that there might be a significant time delay between a station's queuing a frame for . .

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transmission and an access points first poll to the station after receiving the station's polling request. Accordingly, claims 7 and 18 are believed allowable. Claims 8-11 and 19-20 depend from claim 7 or 18 and are believed allowable as they depend from a base claim that is believed allowable.

Further, claims 8 and 19 recites establishing a polling schedule based on said first temporal period and said first temporal offset. Since Fulthorp, Slayer and Breucker fails to disclose or suggest a temporal offset; Fulthrop, Slayer and . Breucker also fails to disclose or suggest using the temporal offset to provide a polling schedule based on the temporal period and temporal offset. Claims 9 and 20 recite in part a second temporal period and a second temporal offset and further recite establishing a transmission schedule based on the second temporal offset and the second temporal period. Again, Fulthrop, Slayer and Breucker fail to disclose or suggest a second temporal offset and establishing a transmission schedule based on the second temporal offset. Accordingly, the rejection of claims 7-11 and 18-20 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Fulthorp in view of Strayer and in view of Breucker is believed to have been overcome.

In view of the above, the Examiner's rejections are believed to have been overcome, placing claims 1-20 in condition for allowance, and reconsideration and allowance thereof is respectfully requested.

If the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office deems a fee necessary, this fee may be charged to the account of the undersigned, Deposit Account No. <u>50-</u><u>0901</u>.

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If the enclosed papers or fees are considered incomplete, the Patent Office is respectfully requested to contact the undersigned collect at (508) 366-9600, in Westborough, Massachusetts.

Respectfully submitted,

and W. Kouille

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